

TB Skin Test Reporting Form

Volunteer/Student Name: _____

Date of Birth: _____ Student's University (if applicable): _____

Date TB test placed _____ Date TB test read _____

Test Performed: 2-step Mantoux Chest X-Ray Quantiferon Gold

Results in mm _____ of induration (hard, dense, and raised formation) and, if induration is present, measuring the diameter of induration transverse (perpendicular) to the long axis of the forearm. Erythema or redness of the skin should not be considered when reading a TB skin test result. Interpretation of result by Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Guidelines (CDC)- See below:

1st Step

Negative Positive

2nd Step

Negative Positive

Signature of Physician or Registered Nurse: _____

Printed name: _____ Date signed: _____

Clinic/Office Stamp

CDC Classification of the Tuberculin Skin Test Reaction

An induration of 5 or more millimeters is considered positive in -HIV-infected persons -A recent contact of a person with TB disease -Persons with fibrotic changes on chest radiograph consistent with prior TB -Patients with organ transplants -Persons who are immunosuppressed for other reasons (e.g., taking the equivalent of >15 mg/day of prednisone for 1 month or longer, taking TNF-a antagonists)

An induration of 10 or more millimeters is considered positive in -Recent immigrants (< 5 years) from high prevalence countries -Injection drug users -Residents and employees of high-risk congregate settings -Mycobacteriology laboratory personnel -Persons with clinical conditions that place them at high risk - Children < 4 years of age - Infants, children, and adolescents exposed to adults in high-risk categories.

An induration of 15 or more millimeters is considered positive in any person, including persons with no known risk factors for TB. However, targeted skin testing programs should only be conducted among high-risk groups.

***Volunteer is responsible for bringing original completed form to Hippocrates Medical Clinic.

